NORTHWEST MUNICIPAL CONFERENCE

1600 East Golf Road, Suite 0700 Des Plaines, Illinois 60016 (847) 296-9200 • Fax (847) 296-9207 www.nwmc-cog.org



A Regional Association of Illinois Municipalities and Townships Representing a Population of Over One Million

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North Branch of the Chicago River Watershed Planning Council AGENDA

Tuesday, March 4, 2025 10:00 a.m.

Via Zoom Video Conference

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84237808243

Meeting ID: 842 3780 8243 Passcode: 924239

- I. Call to Order
- II. Roll Call
- III. December 3, 2024, Meeting Notes (Attachment A)
- IV. Capital Improvements Update

Herman Lopez will provide an update on projects in the watershed.

V. Small Streams Maintenance Program

Fabio Monteiro will give an update on the work of the Small Streams Maintenance program.

- VI. Other Business
- VII. Next Meeting

The next meeting of the North Branch Chicago River Watershed Planning Council will be held Tuesday, June 3 via video conference unless otherwise noted.

VIII. Adjournment

	Page 1
1	NORTH BRANCH OF THE CHICAGO RIVER WATERSHED PLANNING COUNCIL
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3	* * * * *
3 4	Held on Tuesday, December 3, 2024,
5	commencing at the hour of 10:00 o'clock, a.m., via
6	Zoom.
7	
8	PRESENT:
9	NORTHWEST MUNICIPAL CONFERENCE:
	Eric Czarnota
10	Mark Fowler
11	
	METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT
12	Clare Adams
1 2	Mark Castillo
13	Constance Mihalache
14	Lolita Thompson Annie Wright
15	Annie Wright
13	ALSO PRESENT:
16	Holly Hudson - CMAP
	Ted
17	Keeley Evans
	Robin Humbert
18	Jorge Cruz - Wilmette
	J McDougall
19	Thomas Burke - Christopher Burke Engineering, Ltd.
	Georgia Mihalopoulos
20	Bill McKenna
0.1	Joe Kenney - Glenview
21 22	James Tigue - Glencoe Robyn Flakne - Glenview
23	Ashley Strelcheck - SMC
24	Joanna Colletti - GRAEF

Chicago,

MR. CZARNOTA: I'll call the North Branch Watershed Planning Council to order.

I will go through the list of all community members that are part of the Watershed Planning Council. When I call your name, if you could just put your actual name and municipality or organization that you represent in the chat. And if there is anyone else that I do not call, feel free to put your name and organization in the chat so we can capture that for the minutes.

Deerfield, Elmwood Park, Evanston, Glencoe, Glenview, Golf, Harwood Heights, Kenilworth, Lincolnwood, Morton Grove, Niles, Norridge, Northbrook, Northfield, Oak Park, Park Ridge, Skokie, Wilmette, Winnetka, Unincorporated Cook County, Evanston Township, Maine Township, New Trier Township, Niles Township, Northfield Township, Norwood Park Township, and Oak Park Township.

So the members are:

And then item number 3 is the September 3, 2024 meeting minutes from our last meeting. If anyone has any questions, feel free to send myself or anyone at MWRD those questions.

MR. CRUZ: I have a quick question.

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1 MR. CZARNOTA: Yes.

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MR. CRUZ: Is there a way to show the attendees on the minutes?

MR. CZARNOTA: I believe there should be. I can work with Debbie as well to get her a list of the attendees from the Zoom list to be able to add to the -- to the minutes as well. I can work with Debbie and MWRD on that.

MR. CRUZ: Would you be able to send that out?

MR. CZARNOTA: Yes, I could.

MR. CRUZ: Thank you.

MR. CZARNOTA: So then item number 4 will be Mark Castillo, who will be giving the capital improvements update.

MR. CASTILLO: Eric, there might have been a mistake on the agenda. I don't think there's a capital improvements update for this month or this quarter.

MR. CZARNOTA: Oh, okay. Well, then the next thing that I had on the agenda was a Watershed Management Ordinance update from Constance.

MS. MIHALACHE: So hello, my name is

Constance Mihalache, I'm with the Metropolitan Water

Reclamation District, and I'm going to present on the

Watershed Management Ordinance and Infiltration and Inflow Control Program updates.

So some of you may have visited our new website since it launched. If you would like to navigate to the section on the Watershed Management Ordinance and Infiltration and Inflow Section, you can either go to the main website, mwrd.org, and navigate to doing business in the upper tab or you can just visit our shorter link which is mwrd.org/wmo.

This is a screenshot from the WMO web page. One new feature is a quick access menu on the right-hand side. So as you can see on the right, we have different links where you can navigate directly to the Watershed Management Ordinance and Technical Guidance Manual and just access the permit application documents by requesting different items such as permit inquiries, permit determinations, provisions and so on.

Also, on the same main WMO web page, if you scroll down, there is a link for submitting permit applications, which is indicated by the arrow in red.

And then also, there is a link for

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making a payment for the WMO permit applications, as well as instructions on how to submit with the WPASS system.

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So we recently amended the WMO on May 2, 2024. And the purpose of this amendment was to update Articles 3 and 6 with alternatives for applicants with identified wetlands, in order to minimize the requirements for a Corps' jurisdictional determination letter, since those are not being provided as often. So the table below summarizes the changes that were made under this recent amendment. And so if there is Corps' jurisdictional wetland and the wetland impact is proposed, the applicant would need to submit a section for (sic) work permit or a document from the Corps indicating that the impact is allowed. Otherwise, if not, the wetland will be regulated as an isolated wetland, which would include the isolated wetland buffer with -- which are prescribed in the WMO.

If a wetland is determined to be a Corps' jurisdictional wetland but no wetland impact is proposed, the applicant will need to submit a document from the Corps that the wetland is a jurisdictional wetland. If not, the wetland will be

regulated again as an isolated wetland including the isolated wetland buffers. If the isolated wetland is -- If the wetland is determined to be an isolated wetland and a wetland impact is proposed, the applicant should still submit a Section 404 permit --I'm sorry a document indicating that a Section 404 permit is not required or that the wetland is not a jurisdictional wetland, and then the wetland will be regulated as an isolated wetland. If it's an isolated wetland and no wetland impact is proposed, the documentation from the Corps is not required and the wetland will be regulated as an isolated wetland. Some additional information on this can be found in the WMO in the current version, which is found on our website.

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We are also proposing a new WMO amendment, which is in the final stages. The lower -- The different sections that are being updated under this new proposed amendment, so basically, most of the articles, as well as Appendix A, which is definitions, a new appendix and permit fees.

So below is a summary of some of the more substantive changes to the WMO under the

proposed amendment. So currently, there is a pilot study for offsite retention-based practices and offsite detention facilities within the Lower Des Plaines and the Little Calumet River Watershed planning areas. So the deadline for this pilot study is being proposed to be extended from 2025 to 2026 under the new amendment.

The amendment would also include modifications to the volume control requirements under Article 5. So currently, the property holdings threshold for -- that would require volume control is 0.5 acre, and there's a proposed increase from this 0.5 acre threshold to one acre. And likewise, there's a proposed increase for the impervious area threshold for requiring volume control. The current new impervious area threshold is 0.1 acre, and in the proposed amendment it would be increased to 0.5 acre.

In terms of permit applicability, some modifications are being proposed to the current provisions. So for any new or reconstructed outfalls to District controlled waterways or to Lake Michigan, a permit would be required. The term District controlled waterways is being added, but a new appendix will be provided which depicts which are

1 | actually District controlled waterways.

Another modification is that any change to the detention service area of a District permitted detention facility or major stormwater system that is greater than 0.5 acres will require a WMO permit.

A WMO permit would also be required for modifications to the control structure facility configuration or storage volume of District permitted volume control facilities, detention facilities or compensatory storage. So the current provision only looks at modifications of District permitted detention facilities when determining if a permit is required. The proposed provision would also require a permit for changes to the volume control facilities and compensatory storage previously permitted by the District.

Under Article 6, a new provision is proposed that would not require compensatory storage for fill within the flood-protection areas of Lake Michigan. And in terms of riparian environment, it is proposed to introduce a minimum threshold for impacts requiring mitigation under certain circumstances. So for instance, for projects with

stormwater outfalls or for public access recreational activities, a minimum threshold for riparian environment mitigation is being proposed.

Under Appendix A, some updates to existing definitions are proposed, namely for the definitions of flood-control project, gross allowable release rate, offsite detention facility and permittee.

We are also planning to introduce two new definitions, one for violation report and another for watershed specific release rate, which are not currently defined.

Under Appendix F, which is our appendix for permit fees, currently, there is a fee of \$250 per inspection whenever there is a violation. And instead of that, we are proposing to replace it with a \$750 flat fee whenever a violation is discovered.

So these updates, they have undergone final review by our Law Department, so that is complete. We also had a public presentation and public comment period, so that's also complete. And we are anticipating Board approval for the WMO amendment likely in January of 2025.

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All of the draft updates that I have mentioned so far, they are all subject to change until Board approval.

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We are also working on updates to our Technical Guidance Manual, and the articles that will be updated next are Article 3, which is for permit submittals; Article 6, for flood protection areas; and Article 7, for qualified sewer construction.

So sort of switching gears to our IICP Program. So the annual summary report is due March 1st of each year detailing progress of the program requirements. And the five-year period of the short-term requirements is past due. So if you have not done so already, please submit the following as soon as possible: the past annual summary reports that have not been submitted and also the LTMOP and PSP document.

If you are not sure whether you are in compliance with the District's IICP Program or if you have any other questions, please contact Ann Gray at graya@mwrd.org.

And then as a reminder, once the short-term requirements are complete and approved by

MWRD, satellite entities will transition to the longterm program.

So construction under issued WMO permits is monitored by our Local Sewer System

Section Field Office Unit. So the Field Office must be notified ahead of the start of construction under a WMO permit. The notification can be made by calling the number here, (708) 588-4055 or by sending an e-mail to wmojobstart@mwrd.org. And as a reminder, when development is required under a WMO permit, the construction cannot begin until the MWRD permit has been issued.

So the Villages are responsible to ensure that new staff are aware of the WMO and of the responsibilities of the Village, as permittee.

Villages play a critical role in preventing construction without a permit or preventing construction in advance of a WMO permit. So grading permits should not be issued before WMO permits are issued, and occupancy permits should not be issued until after the RFI is signed. As system engineer and permittee, the Village is expected also to inspect the work under construction and to sign the RFIs.

As a reminder, if you have GIS sewer system files, we encourage you to share them with us. This would include sanitary system files, storm sewer system files and combined sewer system files. If you would like to share your GIS files, please e-mail mwrdii@mwrd.org.

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This slide provides the different contacts related to the WMO. They're similar to what was provided at previous meetings. So I'm the contact for permit determination requests. You can feel free to e-mail me at mihalachec@mwrd.org. contact for pre-application meetings, so meetings prior to submitting the WMO permit application, would be Dan Feltes, and he can be e-mailed at feltesd@mwrd.org. If you would like a copy of a previously issued SPO permit or WMO permit, please e-mail -- either e-mail mwrdpi@mwrd.org or you can submit a permit inquiry through our website at mwrd.org/wmo. If you have questions on WPASS or on the GPS units, the contact for that is Ann Gray at graya@mwrd.org. And if you would like to be included on our e-mail list for WMO updates, including WMO amendments, new forms when they're posted, I & I updates, et cetera, you can send an e-mail to

1 | wmoupdates@mwrd.org in order to join the e-mail list.

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And also, as a reminder, when using the WMO forms, please download and use the most recent forms. They can be found at mwrd.org/wmo under permit application documents. You may need to clear the browser cache in order to see the updates.

So this is my contact information.

Feel free to e-mail me if you have any questions regarding this presentation or the WMO.

MR. CASTILLO: Hey Constance, it looks like there's a question from Holly, CMAP.

Holly is asking can you comment on the decision to no longer require compensatory storage for fill in Lake Michigan flood protection areas?

MS. MIHALACHE: Yes. So we -- So it has been a policy for a while. One of the reasons is that Lake Michigan, because it's such a large body of water, the effect -- the effect of fill can be minimal. There's also national variations of materials, such as sand and so on that occur over time. So it has been our policy for a while, but we are proposing to introduce it into the WMO as part of the amendment.

If you have any -- I guess if you have any -- If you have any specific questions or would like to discuss more, I'm happy to discuss over an e-mail. But that is the general -- The general reason is because Lake Michigan is such a large body of water.

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MR. CZARNOTA: Thank you, Constance.

So now we will move on to item number 6, which would be applying for a Stormwater Partnership Program, and that will be handled by Mark.

MR. CASTILLO: Thanks, Eric. Let me just share my screen.

All right. Before I begin, in the chat I put a link to our mailing list. So every month we plan on providing some type of update to our partnership programs, and if you would like to receive those updates, you can sign up at the link that's in the chat.

So thanks again, Eric. Thank you all for attending. My name is Mark Castillo, I'm a Senior Civil Engineer in Stormwater Management, and this is applying for a partnership.

So in this presentation, I'll do a

quick overview of our four partnership programs, and I'll also go over the types of questions that you will need to answer in each of the applications, the types of documentation that needs to be submitted, as well as any program-specific updates.

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So currently, right now, all three of our partnership programs are currently accepting applications. Our Voluntary Flood-Prone Property Acquisition Program has a single form while the other programs need to receive a pre-application by the deadline shown on the screen. When we get your pre-app, we'll review it and provide any feedback and then send you a link to your final application to fill out.

Some key dates is the Green

Infrastructure pre-app is due at the end of the year,

and then we have our Stormwater Partnership Program

and Voluntary Flood-Prone Property Acquisition

Programs due at the end of January.

Quickly, going through them, if you are not familiar, the Stormwater Partnership Program funds traditional stormwater infrastructure like detention basins or storm-sewer improvements to help manage stormwater and reduce flooding.

The Green Infrastructure Program funds the construction of green alleys, rain gardens and other permeable surfaces to manage rainwater where it lands.

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Our Voluntary Flood-Prone Property
Acquisition Program helps municipalities acquire
flood-prone property in the floodplain.

And then finally, for communities that need assistance to study and/or design a solution for a local stormwater issue, they can apply to our Conceptual Partnership Program.

To learn more, please visit mwrd.org/stormwater/partnerships. There you can go in and browse each program, the requirements, and there will be a link to each of the applications on that page.

In general, public entities can apply if they are within MWRD's corporate boundaries and can enter into an intergovernmental agreement with the MWRD. So this includes municipalities, townships, county agencies, park districts and other government organizations. The project must manage stormwater and provide some type of benefit from flooding. So this could include gray stormwater

infrastructure, green infrastructure, acquiring those flood-prone homes or requesting assistance to address a stormwater issue. Partners, in general, are responsible for their project's design, contract administration, bidding, meeting our affirmative action goals on our contribution, and the long-term maintenance of the project. Each program has more specific requirements, so please visit mwrd.org/stormwater/partnerships for more information.

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Going into the program-specific updates: So for this year, in general, we have new eligibility language. Projects cannot be funded if they are constructed on leased property, and this might be a bit confusing, but we are not -- Projects can't be currently soliciting bids or proposals. So we have had applicants that apply and then plan on bidding within the same month. We won't be considering those projects.

For our Green Infrastructure

Partnership Program, potential reimbursements are not based on a dollar per gallon or storage constructed, and they recently updated their DRC calculator to account for this change in reimbursement. For

projects that are selected, design, funding and the IGA needs to be executed by the end of the year with construction completed by 2025. And there is a video available at that partnership website that kind of goes into the details for the updates for this program.

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So Stormwater Partnership Program, a benefit-cost analysis may now be required of projects greater than 3 million in construction.

Additionally, we have a new way we prioritize projects. We have been listing out each application that has been submitted to us and is eligible for funding. Applicants are prioritized in groups based on internal metrics, such as impacted and benefit structures; storage to be provided and the economic needs and previous assistance from the MWRD, amongst other criteria.

We list out checklist items, which essentially become like a pre-award checklist that need to be completed before we enter an IGA with the partner. So some of these items can be like right-of-way, non-MWRD funding, grants being secured. And we kind of like look at this prior to formalizing our financial commitment to a project.

Finally, our Voluntary Flood-Prone

Property Acquisition Program, there has been a number of questions that have been added to the application, including a post-acquisition narrative. And then the FEMA precalculated benefit increased to 300 -- 360,000 per property acquired. So acquisitions that exceed that amount require a BCA.

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All right. Now on to the meat of the presentation, what makes up an application. So there are four categories of questions found in our application, including project scope, schedule, cost and program-specific questions. In the presentation I'll cover documentation, and it will cover both required and optional documentation. Each program has different requirements, so you would just refer to each application for the specific documentation needed.

On to project scope, so we ask the applicant to describe the existing site. So how is it used; what structures are there, residential, commercial buildings; is there critical infrastructure, like hospitals. We also want the applicant to describe what unique features exist, is the site by a river or body of water; is there a low

area where water pools; are there existing environmental conditions; and who owns the property where the project is located. Answering this question with this amount of detail kind of helps us understand the site to be improved and any coordination issues that may be needed during the development of the project and construction. We also ask common questions like is it in a combined or separate sewer area, is the site in the floodplain, is there ongoing or planned work nearby.

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And then our Green Infrastructure

Program specifically asks questions to help determine
if the GI will be effective in that area, and that
will include high-ground water; soil infiltration
rates; nearby sanitary sewer and then the existing
surface types like is it grass, concrete, asphalt.

There is also a section where we ask applicants to describe the flooding in the area. So we need you to describe the types of flooding and the types of infrastructure impacted. So being very specific describing if the flooding occurs in alleys and backyards, is it flowing into a home or is it a -- is it sewage backing up into a basement. You know, what types of building are affected, is it

residential, businesses, schools, hospitals, local streets or highways. Later on in each of the applications we ask you to provide documentation, such as photos, if that's available.

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We also ask how does the flooding impact the area within and around the project site. So we ask this because this is kind of information that might not be readily found in a study or hydraulic model. We're just trying to determine how flooding impacts or affects people's day-to-day lives. So like what is the major traffic impact, you know, like how many people -- can people access their home or a business or school; how long is the area impacted for; how long does it take residents to recover from the event; and how -- what do they need to do to recover from the event.

And then we also ask you to provide the extent and location of the flooding, the depth, the frequency, and then any supporting documentation, if available.

Some good examples of documentation for past events includes 311 calls, photos, news articles. Some applicants have provided a map of all of their calls, which makes it really clear where the

problem areas are. You can submit a flood study or modeling exhibits. These are very useful because they have the extent of flooding, the depths and they show very clearly the impacted structures. The MWRD has resources available, such as the Detailed Watershed Plans and we've done Stormwater Master Plans for certain communities. So that information is available at the web link there, mwrd.org/stormwater/plans-reports.

If there are site plans, utility sheets and permits, that's good to know to help us understand where there could be utility conflicts.

And then for the Flood-Prone

Property Acquisition Program, providing the FEMA

inundation, SWIMA or Stormwater Inundation Mapping,

that is useful to clearly identify projects that are

located within the floodplain.

And then Green Infrastructure

Program will normally ask for some type of boring log
to get that soil and groundwater information.

Next up we have project scope. We ask you to provide a detailed description of the project, emphasizing detailed. Some applicants really just write down one or two sentences, and they

don't really describe their project very well. So we want you to talk about each stormwater or green infrastructure element to be installed, where it will be built. We also want you to describe how the project will reduce flooding or manage the stormwater runoff. So this could be describing the existing system and comparing it to what's proposed; talking about the flood event that the project is designed for, like is it a five, ten or hundred year event; talking about if there's -- clearly like talking about storage being provided and where runoff is being conveyed. And finally, like if there's changes in like how the site will be used post-project, including any description of green space or other benefits.

We also need to know if the project is in the public right-of-way or if an easement is needed to maintain and build the project and what permits are needed or required for the project.

And then finally, we also want to understand like is what you're applying for part of a larger project or like a single phase in a larger project. We kind of ask you or want you to describe the non-stormwater elements to be built as well. And

then finally, there's a section where you can describe the long-term maintenance of the project. Along with that project description, we ask you to summarize the project benefits, so that could be an exhibit showing the benefited structures; your DRC calculations; if you are installing GI, the property being removed from the floodplain, if it's an acquisition; and then describing any post-project use. And as a reminder, projects may require a benefit-cost analysis for some applications.

So examples of project scope documentation can include your conceptual preliminary drawings, construction plans, O & M plans. And for green -- your DRC calculations or for green infrastructure, BCA for stormwater or Flood-Prone Property Acquisition Programs; and then the exhibits showing or like a marked-up street map showing the post-project benefits. So like showing the benefitted structures or showing like a before and after reduction of flooding.

And then for Green Infrastructure, we do ask that you provide like a -- the area draining into the GI.

All right. Now on to scheduling.

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So the timing to execute an IGA is very important for us, and it's a major milestone that allows us to provide that reimbursement funding towards your project.

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Going over the two programs here, our GI Program has set timelines where they want you to execute an IGA by end of year. That includes design, funding and right-of-way are finalized by the end of the year as well. And we want you to finish construction end of next year.

Our Stormwater Partnership Program, we are asking you to execute an IGA --

(Inaudible due to unstable internet connection.)

MR. CASTILLO: So we anticipate selecting every June, and so what we're looking for with applicants is that they can satisfy this conditional checklist of items, like the permitting, right-of-way acquisition or finalize their funding by that time or provide some type of proof or documentation that you can reach those milestones by that next cycle.

Moving on in the application, we have like typical milestone dates, so that's design

completion, contract advertisement and award and then construction completion and duration. We ask -- We also ask about the project's right-of-way, because we need to ensure the applicant can access the project site to build a project and maintain it long term. So we ask you to describe the remaining property easements -- property or easements to be acquired, including who the current owner is, items to negotiate and the status of those negotiations. Ιf you are working with another public agency, who will own and maintain the stormwater. We ask you to describe who will own and maintain the stormwater improvements. We also ask about your additional funding sources because this can take time to apply and be notified. So when have you applied, what is the status of that application. And then we are all very familiar that permitting can take quite awhile, so just let us know where you are in that permitting process is very useful.

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Examples of scheduling documentation: providing a schedule with remaining tasks with realistic completion dates is very useful. We've gotten a lot of applications where people say design, permitting, right-of-way, you know, will all

be completed by December 31st, and this is just not really realistic. We rely on our applicants to provide accurate or just realistic dates so that we can understand when this project -- how this project will progress as it's being designed.

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For permitting, you can provide or reference a completed permit or any permit determinations or consultations that you've gotten.

Right-of-way documentation includes plats of subdivision, easement agreements, deeds or other documentations that you have on hand.

And then if are you looking to build your project on another public agency's property, getting that public agency to acknowledge the project through a letter of support would -- is like -- would be very helpful.

And finally, referencing a submitted application for additional funding, so like if you're going for FEMA funding, referencing that application and the notice of award, again, is helpful for us to determine the project schedule.

Last up is budgeting. In our applications, we ask applicants to break down the cost of the project. This is broken out into

engineering, design and management, permitting right-of-way, stormwater or green infrastructure construction and non-stormwater or non-green infrastructure construction.

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And then if you are looking to acquire a property through our Flood-Prone Property Acquisition Program, the fair market value of those properties. We ask that the construction estimate be broken down into construction tasks, unit costs and quantities. We do not want to see lump sum; however, if there is a larger unique item that is being installed, providing a manufacturer's quote is very helpful. We want you to clearly identify eligible stormwater elements, which I'll go into later. Your estimate should have contingency, inflation, overhead and profit identified; and then we also ask that you provide the source of that cost data, including the dates that you got that information from.

Going on to eligible costs. MWRD can only provide funding to reimburse eligible construction costs. So that includes stormwater infrastructure and related installation costs, green infrastructure and related installation costs, and the acquisition of property.

1 What is not eligible, that's 2 engineering, design, construction management, 3 right-of-way and land acquisition, operations, maintenance and other non-construction-related costs; 5 and work not directly incidental to the stormwater improvements. So for example, if you are trenching 6 in a new storm sewer and you're crossing several 8 water mains, relocating those water main connections 9 would be incidental to the project. Examples of what is -- Sorry, let me go through this. So sidewalks, 10 road resurfacing, water main or other construction 11 that go beyond what is incidental to the stormwater 12 13 improvement is not eligible. Also, public amenities, 14 ornamental fencing and lighting improvements are not 15 eligible as well. And I have the IDOT specifications for road and bridge construction up here, because 16 17 they have methods of measurement on how they do their 18 pay items, and that is kind of like what we sort of 19 look at when we just start to consider like all right, what is incidental to say like trenching, 20 2.1 because IDOT will have pay items where there's a 22 certain amount of leeway on either side of the sewer 23 where okay, that work is incidental to this like pay 24 item. That's what kind of gets paid.

So this is kind of how we sort of base our initial estimate on what is incidental to the stormwater improvement.

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Our application also asks about additional sources of funding, so how is the project being funded; is it a direct contribution from the applicant or partner; are there grants involved; is there cost-share program with another municipality; and then are there loans or stormwater fees available. So we ask you to describe the additional sources of the funding, the amounts, whether or not those have been awarded or budgeted yet, how the funding will be used on the project. So what construction tasks are qualified or how can those funds be used on the certain types of construction tasks, and then when do the funds expire. Sometimes there's a performance period of like one or two years where you have to use that funding before it can't be accessed anymore.

And then our applications are asked about like a contingency plan, so if that funding doesn't go through, what is the municipality proposing in order to continue like moving forward on this project.

1 So examples of budgeting 2 documentation, again, your project cost estimate. For the applicant funding, we ask applicants to 3 provide reference or budget book for that specific 4 5 project, any board action, and in lieu of that commitment letter from the executive, a specific 6 amount and availability of funding that can be 8 committed towards a project. And then referencing 9 any notice of funding or submitted application for additional funding that you are going for will be 10 11 helpful for us to know.

All right. Again, please visit mwrd.org/stormwater/partnerships in order to apply, and I'll take any questions now.

Yeah, Holly, so for green infrastructure, for this upcoming round, essentially we will be selecting green infrastructure applications sometime around like I want to say April or May, and then they will want an IGA executed by the end of 2025 and then construction end of 2026. So I might have miswrote on this slide.

Are there any other questions?

(No response.)

MS. HUDSON: Yeah, thanks for the

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MR. CASTILLO: All right. If there's no other questions, thank you for your time

MR. CZARNOTA: Thanks, Mark.

And then was there any other MWRD presentations that were scheduled for today?

MS. WRIGHT: Nope.

MR. CZARNOTA: Okay. Then we will move on to item number 7, which is the 2025 meeting schedule.

I'll share my screen really quickly here.

So these are the dates for the 2025 cycle for North Branch Chicago River Watershed Planning Council. We're sticking with the normal schedule of the first Tuesday of the month. So we'll have meetings in March, June, September and then December at our usual 10:00 a.m. meeting time.

There will be some further discussions with MWRD, depending on if we would like to move meetings to an in-person capacity, maybe for one meeting or two. I'll probably send out kind of a feeler e-mail out to the Committee to see what the interest of the group would be. But for now, these would be the four dates for 2025 for this Watershed Planning Council.

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at 10:42 a.m.)

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